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## Indian Standard

# SPECIFICATION FOR FORCEPS, EXTRACTION, DENTAL, UPPER WISDOM TOOTH

(First Revision)

- 1. Scope This standard specifies materials, dimensions and other requirements for dental extraction forceps used for the extraction of upper wisdom tooth.
- 2. Material Stainless steel conforming to Designation 20Cr13 or 30Cr13 of IS: 6603-1972 'Specification for stainless steel bars and flats'.
- 2.1 Screw Stainless steel conforming to Designation 20Cr13 of IS: 6603-1972.
- 3. Shape and Dimensions As shown in Fig. 1 and 2.
- 3.1 Tolerances on linear dimensions shall be in accordance with the following:
  - a)  $\pm$  0.05 mm on dimensions up to 2.0 mm,
  - b)  $\pm$  0·1 mm on dimensions above 2·0 mm and up to 5·0 mm,
  - c)  $\pm$  0.2 mm on dimensions above 5.0 mm and up to 20.0 mm,
  - d)  $\pm$  0.5 mm on dimensions above 20.0 mm and up to 50.0 mm,
  - e) ± 1.0 mm on dimensions above 50.0 mm and up to 100.0 mm, and
  - f)  $\pm$  2.0 mm on dimensions above 100.0 mm.
- 3.2 Tolerance on angular dimensions shall be  $\pm$  2°.
- 4. Mass 155  $\pm$  5 g.
- 5. Heat Treatment The two halves of the forceps shall be uniformly hardened and tempered to a hardness of 370 to 410 HV and the screw to 310 to 330 HV, when tested in accordance with IS: 1501 (Part 1)-1984 'Method for Vickers hardness test for metallic materials: Part 1 HV 5 to HV 100 (second revision)'.

#### 6. Workmanship

- **6.1** The two halves of the forceps shall move smoothly about the joint without the application of undue force and shall open fully. The instrument shall be balanced and the jaws shall register accurately.
- **6.2** The screw joint shall be in accordance with the relevant requirements of **6** of IS: 3642-1978 General requirements for surgical instruments ( *first revision* )'.
- 6.3 The handles shall be suitably shaped, with the inner surfaces flat. Knurling on the outer surfaces of the handles shall be in accordance with IS: 3403-1981 Dimensions for knurls ( first revision )', the pitch of the knurls being 1.0 mm.
- 6.4 The serrations on the jaws shall be in accordance with Section 1 of IS: 3642-1978.
- 6.5 There shall be no sharp edges.

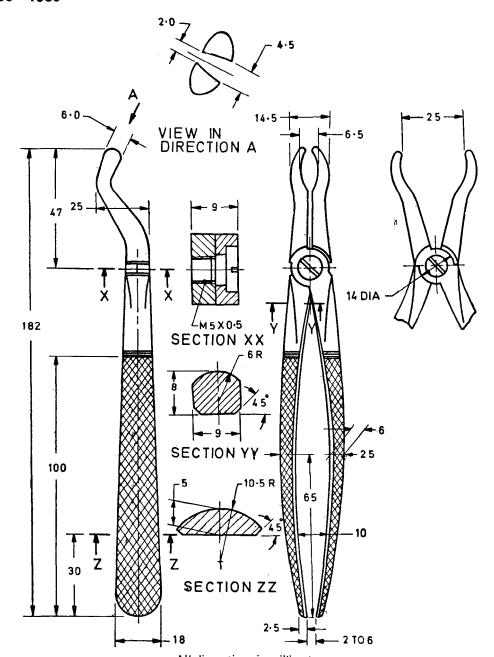
#### 7. Surface Condition

7.1 General — All surfaces shall be free from pores, crevices and grinding marks. The instruments shall be supplied free from residual scale, acid, grease and grinding and polishing materials. Compliance with these requirements shall be checked by inspection using normal vision ( corrected, if necessary ).

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All dimensions in millimetres.
FIG. 1 FORCEPS, EXTRACTION, DENTAL, UPPER WISDOM TOOTH

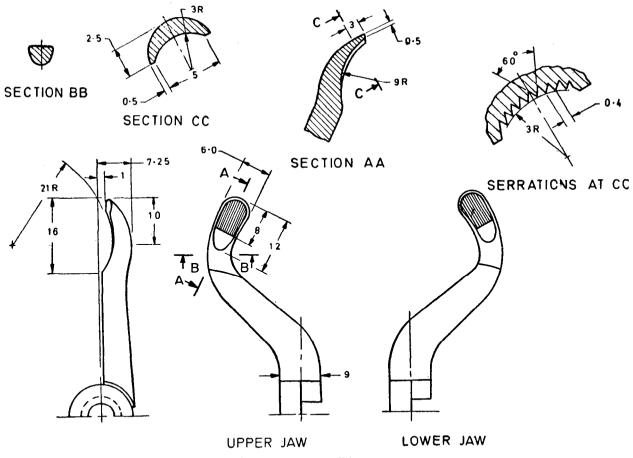
- 7.2 Surface Finish The surface finish shall be one of; or a combination of, the following:
  - a) Mirror polished;
  - b) Reflection-reducing, for example, satin finish, matt black finish; and
  - c) An applied surface coating, for example, for insulation purposes.

Note — The satin finish should be effected by an appropriate procedure, such as grinding, brushing; electropolishing and, in addition, satin finishing (glass beading or satin brushing). The finish should be uniform and smooth and it should reduce glare.

Instruments of mirror finish should be adequately ground to remove all surface imperfections and polished to remove grinding marks, resulting in a mirror finish. The mirror finish should be effected by an appropriate procedure, such as polishing, brushing, electropolishing and mirror buffing.

7.3 Passivation and Final Treatment — The instruments shall be treated by a suitable passivation process, for example, by electropolishing or by treatment with 10 percent (v/v) nitric acid solution for not less than 30 minutes at a temperature not less than 10°C and not exceeding 60°C. The instruments shall then be rinsed in water and dried in hot air.

Note — If the joint is lubricated, the lubricant should be non-corrosive and suitable for medical application according to the Indian Pharmacopoeia.



All dimensions in millimetres.
FIG. 2 DETAILS OF WORKING END

#### 8. Tests

- 8.1 Performance Test The instrument shall be tested as prescribed in Appendix A of IS: 6868-1972 'General requirements for forceps, extraction, dental' with the application of a load of 350 N (35 kgf approximately). It shall show no sign of damage after the test.
- **8.2** Corrosion Resistance Test The instrument shall be tested in accordance with IS: 7531-1975 'Method for boiling and autoclaving test for corrosion resistance of stainless steel surgical instruments'. It shall show no sign of corrosion after the test.

#### 9. Marking and Packing

- 9.1 The forceps shall be legibly and indelibly marked with the manufacturer's name, initials or recognized trade-mark; the words 'stainless steel' or letters 'ss'; and the country of manufacture.
- 9.2 Each instrument shall be put in a polyethylene bag or wrapped in wax paper. The instruments shall then be packed in cartons in accordance with the current trade practice.
- 9.2.1 Alternatively, the instruments may be packed as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 9.3 The packages shall be marked with the name of the instrument; the manufacturer's name, initials or recognized trade-mark; the words 'stainless steel'; and the country of manufacture.
- 9.4 Certification Marking Details available with the Bureau of Indian Standards.
- 10. Sampling Sampling procedure and acceptance criteria for the forceps shall be as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier. A recommended scheme for the same is given in Appendix A.

### APPENDIX A

( Clause 10 )

# SAMPLING SCHEME AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY FOR FORCEPS. EXTRACTION. DENTAL

A-1. Lot — In any consignment, all the forceps produced from the identical materials under similar conditions and having the same surface finish shall constitute a lot.

A-2. The number of instruments to be selected from each lot shall depend upon the size of the lot and shall be in accordance with col 1 and 2 of Table 1.

TABLE 1 SCALE OF SAMPLING				
Lot Size	Sample Size	Sub-sample Size		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
Up to 15	2	1		
16 to 50	3	1		
51 to 150	5	2		
151 and above	8	3		

A-2.1 These instruments shall be selected from the lot at random and in order to ensure randomness of selection, procedures given in IS: 4905-1968 'Methods for random sampling' may be followed.

### A-3. Number of Tests and Criteria for Conformity

- **A-3.1** All the instruments selected according to col 1 and 2 of Table 1 shall be examined for shape and dimensions, workmanship, and surface condition (visual) and tested for mass. An instrument in the sample failing to meet any of these requirements shall be considered as defective. The lot shall be considered as conforming to these requirements if no defective is found in the sample.
- A-3.2 The lot having been found satisfactory according to A-3.1 shall be further tested for other requirements. For this purpose, a sub-sample of size given in col 3 of Table 1 shall be taken. These instruments in the sub-sample may be selected from those already examined according to A-3.1. Each instrument in the sub-sample shall be subjected to hardness, performance and corrosion resistance tests. The lot shall be declared as conforming to the requirements of the specification if none of the instruments in the sub-sample fails in any of these tests.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

This standard was first issued in 1972. In this revision, tolerances on various dimensions have been specified, a recommended scheme of sampling has been added and the clauses on surface condition have been modified besides incorporating certain other modifications.